

## Delhi City tour

830AM- Pick up from hotel

### **Iron Pillar of Mehrauli**

The Iron Pillar is a mysterious phenomenon. Built 1600 years back through forge welding, these 24 feet pillar weights 6 tons and is made of 98% wrought iron. The biggest mystery about this pillar that over a Millenia it has escaped rust. There is only a tiny amount of rust despite the pillar witnessing the ravages of time. The purpose of the pillar is also a mystery with some believing it to be a flag staff or a sun dial.



### **Qutub Minar**

Our next destination is The Qutub Minar, a remarkable structure. Inspired by the Minaret of Jam in present day Afghanistan, Qutub-ud-din Aibak built the Qutub Minar to celebrate his King, Mohammad Ghori's victory over Prithviraj Chouhan. Qutub-ud-din Aibak was a Viceroy when construction commenced in 1199.



### Humayun Tomb

The tomb of Mughal Emperor Humayun is built like a Palace rather than a burial tomb! It is one of the best-preserved Mughal monuments. This spellbinding mausoleum is the first example of Mughal architecture in India



### Akshardham

It is the world's largest comprehensive Hindu temple. This marvel of modern temple architecture has more than 20000 sculptures chiseled out of pale red sandstone. The concept of this temple was evolved, inspired and developed by Pramukh Swamiji Maharaj, the present head of Bochasanwasi Shri Akshar Purushottam Swaminarayan Sanstha. Often called as the spiritual cultural centre of Delhi, Akshardham was built by 7000 volunteers and 3000 artisans.



### **Bangla Sahib**

Bangla Sahib is one of the most important place of worship for Sikhs. The 8th Sikh Guru, Har Kishan, had stayed here when it was the guest of Raja Jai Singh of Amber. In 1664, the Guru took care of victims of smallpox and cholera in this bungalow. He too eventually became a victim of the disease and passed into the ages. Today, Bangla Sahib is on of the most popular places of worship in India.



### **Rashtrapati Bhavan**

We will drive past Rashtrapati Bhavan, the residence of the President of the largest democracy in the world.



### India Gate

India Gate commemorates the 70,000 Indian soldiers who lost their lives fighting for the British Army during the World War I. The memorial bears the names of more than 13,516 British and Indian soldiers killed in the Northwestern Frontier in the Afghan war of 1919.



5 PM- Drop to Hotel

#### **Charges-**

Single guest- US\$130

2-3 guests- US\$88 per person

4+ guests- US\$ 73 per person

Includes- Pick and drop, travel by AC vehicle, guide and Indian lunch

Available dates-**March- 20,21,22,23,24,28,29 & 30**